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# -THE COLLECTORS DIGEST 

## APRIL, 1957

Editor: HERBERT LidCKE:BY, 12 Herbert Street, Hull Road, York
or
c/o YORK DUPLICATING SERVICES, 12A The Shanoles, York.

## From The Editor's Chair

IROMI PEYKWAVIK TO YORK. On February 26th I had the pleasure of meeting Brian Holt, British Vice-Consul, Reykjavik, Iceland. IIe was in charge of a party of Icelandic officials making a tour of this country. Brian is a keen Hamilton and Nelson Lee enthusiast and we had a very enjoyable evening together; the only pity was circumstances prevented the othor York members joining in. Anyway, that's one wore added to the long line of members I have met in the flesh, and another interecting feature is that the tour was arranged at this and by Wicholas Throclenorton of the Central Office of Information, who is also a manber of our circle. Rather remarkable isn't it, seeing our mumbers are comparatively small?

THEY DID MREST To continue on the matter of meetings, I said last month that Bill Hubbard and Charles Van Renen hoped to meet at Port Elizabeth, South Africa. Well, they did as Charles' related in an air letter. Siid he:
"Weli Herbert, he's been and gone. The very first time I have had the privilege of meeting a real live collector. Believe me, we had a jolly good old pow-wow. As soon as I had word that his boat was due to dock on Friday afternoon, I rushed up home, gathered up my family and in under 45 minutes we were conducting him from his boat to the car. An hour later we were comfortably enscounced in
our lounge surrounded by stacks of papers. So absorbed were we that it was not until 3 a.m. that we decided it tas time Bill was gettirg back to his boat."

As I've said before, I do enjoy recounting events like that, and soon I hope to meet bill myaeif.

ON MRESEYSIDE. In the early hours of March 22nd, I set out for Liverpool with one of my brcthers who was returning to Canada, Prcs a holiddy at home after an absence of 29 years. When I had bid him good-bye, cid I start on my return joumey. Hot very likely! For neodiess to say, I've quite a lot of friends by the Kersey. That good sport, Frank Case had met us at the station to give us a hand with the Iugcace. My brother away, ee went off to meet John Barilett. When Frark had loft us John took me off for lunch and then for a run through the famous hiersey Tunnel. Then Don Webster came along and ascorted me to Nomman Pragnell's for tea. Norman saw me off at Lire Street.

As I settled dom I thought over the good time the brother had had with the ianily and the good time I had had with another band of brothers. Pleasant thoughts for a long journey.

*     *         *             * 

Comich inn rown. Bill Lofts, our menber who is on intimate terms witil editors and authors past and present, is busy on a new series of articles under the intriguing title "From Information Received." Here ${ }^{\text {t }}$ s a bit fron the first instalment: "George William Wakefield mas big, thickset and in his early days was a notable soateur, heavy weight bozer." Well that would sean to settle once and for all the story that G. I. W. was a woman, wouldn't it? Look out for the first instalment next month.

## Yours sincerely,

HERBERT LECKENBY
स*********:**********:*****************************************
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## Blakiana...

## conducted by JOSEPHINE PAOKMAN

## 27. Arcidale Road, East Dulwich, London S.E. 22

I ar. pleased to find Tinker playing a slightly more prominent part in the S.B.L. issues for March; but why do they always have so many foroign names and characters in the stories? Practically every issue is the same formula - in regard to foreign names - and I ant beginning to think that someone at Fleetway House has an obsession in thjis direction! It may suit some readers, but all with whom I hawe discussed tice matter are in entire agreement with me that it would be a real treat to read air S.B.L. without these Grimwalds, Wazirs, Granzis, Vrannars, Khrasovs, Chens, Koestlers, Hoffmans, Orteges, etc. etc., - if oniy for a change!

I am looking forwawd to Dr. Huxton Rymer's reappearance in April ("Flashpoint for "reason"). I only hope I shall not be disappointed.

At the time of preparing the manuscript for this issue of Blakiana the March C.D. has only just been released, so that your lists of 12 favourite U.J. stories have not yet started to cone in. I do ask you to let me have them, all of you, for I an sure they will prove very interesting and enlightening as to the popularity of certain characters and stories.

## JOSIE PACKMAN.

## THANK YOU, SEXTON BLAKE.

## By Margaret Cooke.

I first met Sexton Blake in the Spring of 1919, just after my twelth birthday, at a time when my parents, alarmed by ny eagerness to read any and every book on which I could lay hands however unsuitaible it might be for a child of my years, had decided to limit my reading to school books, two library books and one small book published for young people each week.

## 90

While I was examining such books at the newsagents, I noticed four small books called the Sexton Blake Library. I bought them, liked then and have gone on buying them for nearly thirty-eight years.

As a child I loved the exciting adventures of Blake and Tinker but it was always the stories themselves which held my affection, not the characters which appeared in them. As a student I found the S.B.L's so far removed from my studies that they never failed to bring relaxation when my mind went blank from overwork, or a problem proved difficult. After an hour in Blake's company I returned to the fray with renowed zest.

When I became a teacher Blake's attitude to Tinker and his common sense handing of that young man helped me to understand and control teen-acers in a mixed school. During the second world war I taught in a boy's Gramnar School where the Headmaster discovered that I had a flair for dealing with really naughty boys and turning them into good scholars. As a result, boys who had neither interest nor aptitude for my subject appeared in my classes at short notice, while headmaster and parents sat back to watch the reformation.

Ny task was not made any easier by the fact that already robellious victins considered the change from an A to a B class unjust. The sight of a faniliar cover peeping from a trousers pocket and our cormon interest in Tinker often helped me to break down a boy's hostility and gain his confidence so that the cause of his rebellion could be discussed and the boy returned to his proper studim.

In 1943 I developed a form of paralysis and it was then that I had the greatest cause to bless the creators of Blake and Tinker. Their adventures helped me to forget pain for hours on end. Like Mr. Copeman's friend, I read the books one after the other until I sank into a trance-like state in:hich pain was bearsble. I would be interested to know whether he remambered the details of the individual tales. I couldn't ramember a single word of any of them.

When frustration threatened to swanp me with bitterness, the warm affection and loyalty which existed between Blake and Tinker, the qualities embodied in their characters, and their fight against evil and injustice helped me to retain a belief in the goodness of man, and therefore, of God.

Sometimes a book or character would remind me of people I had met or of incidents in my own life, some gay, some sad and some just plain mad. Books dealing with Black Magic, for instance, remind me of a time when I was unfortunate enough to come into direct contact with someone who practiced the art.

Eariy in 1937 I wont to an asst-coast town to teach crafiwork and took a ruct in a hostol for sirls while I losked round for private lod;jinge. The place was cosy, the focd good, and the other resicionts friondly. The rule in such placos is that ligits must be out by 10.30 and after that tire tho house was still and quiet. On the second night of my linc thore I wole froz a deep, dreamloss sleep to exporionce on ovor incroasing tomor of some approaching evil against which I had no deîence becanse I could not rove. My body :ould not bey my will. At tho Lionent then this evil presence was so close to me that I expected to be touched by it, heavy-soled shoes clattered un bare boards and a silver-toned bell spoke once - then three tires, to be followed by the quavering sound of old voices chenting prayers. Tho ovil ilod sudionly, the atwosphere lust its intense coldness, and $I$ could rove froely.

The swe thing happened several tines during the next fortnisht, al:ays at the sare tine and the bell sounded deliverance each tine. Then I received two letters by the sane post. One case fron a mediu: in lanchester who said that she had been hilding a trumet seance when the truipet had given my name and east-coast address and asiced her to wam ne of danger. She did not seen to krow what tie danger whs or to have any real interest in the matter.

The other was an air-mail letter from S. America, from a won Who said definitely: "Lesve that house - the girl in the next room is dabbling in Black Maric." He described the house, the position of ay roon and hers, have a detailed description of the girl and said that the bell was an altor bell in the chapel of the house next door thich had been a Catholic Orphanaze but was nou a hone for elderiy mus. Ily bedroon wall was also the altar wall of the chapel. He gave me some practical advice which I nearly ignored because I did not believe in the evistence of Black Hagic, but which proved helpful on the few remaining nights of my stay. I couldn't leave that house quickly onough! !

During the last fourteen years whenever my fight for health has secned hopeless, when ry life appeared to be a succession of beginnings which would nevor achieve any useful end, odd words of advice given by Blake to other characters have encouraged me to nale one nore effort.

Nir. W. Howard Baker helped me to conquer my worst period of deprossion, by writing "Fan is never lost, as long as he fights - as long $e s$ he stroins and struggles - as long as he beats upwards to tho light - then, in the end, he 111 win." (S.B.L. No. 350 "The Man Who

Knew Too much.") At a later date ho introduced me to the Sexton Blake Circlo and to new friends within its ranks. Friendship means much to those winc, like myself, are more or loss house bound.

For thirty-eight years of entertainont, help and encouragement, I say "Thank you, Sexton Blake. Long way you live."

> * * * * *

## ATIOTHER MYSTEPY SCLJED

By. H.O.G. Lofts
One of the most mystorious of Blake writers, until now enshrouded in darkness, is Hamick Jardine.

Warrick Jardine wrote his first Blake story, entitled "The Great Lorping ilystery" (S.B.L. 2nd Series, No. 325) in March 1932, and has now written 32 stories in all; 23 in the second series (to incluce one rerrint) and 9 in the third series, the last being No. 332 "rhe Pidide of the Groen Cylinder" in March, 1955.

Now, although I have been able to meet many Blake authors, and also oditors of the past and have asked them about Warwick Jardine, none of then have had suy idea as to his real identity. A short while aso, however, it was my pleasure to meet a former editor of the "Dotective Meokly", Mr. J. Hunt, and in conversation he revealed to me that Warrick Jardine was, in fact, a pen-name used by FRANCIS VARTICK, sch of the late Sydney Warwick, a fanous writer of the 'twenties who died at the ripe old age of 83 in 1953 at Torquay.

In the years 1922-23 Francis, in collaboration with his father, wrote stories for "Pluck"; they also wrote for the "Penny Popular", and during the yoar 1924 a serial in the "Hagnet" entitled "Sherwood Gold" was also written by them. So good was their work that some of the storios were later reprinted in the "Boys Friend Library."

Prencis Marrick is the creator of Cliff Gordon, who he featurod in a number of stories; he has also written extensively for the wimen's papers.

One of our own contributors, Eric Copoman, says this of Warwick Jordine: "I find his work particularly good reading, and his Blake is very true to character. His subsidiary characters are very cleverly drawn and he has a fascinating way of implanting each on your menory by some slight perculiarity." Many readers will, I am sure, concur with Eric.

Shortly after leaving Mr. Hunt (from whom I obtained a lot of
information wich I hope to reveal at a later date) I met Mr . $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ Horard Bakex. In general conversation he mentioned that Frencis Wamick had recently been to see him in regard to writing a new Blake yarm, and without any prompting from me he confirmed the fact that Jardine was Harwick.

How strange that a man shrouded in mystery for over twontyfive years should have his real name revealed and confirmed all in the space of twenty-five minutes!

## HOW'S YOUT MENORY? (No. 4) by E. V. COPMY

The scene described in this article appealed vividly to me when I first road it. I like to know that Blake is in a "tough spot" himself because then I can sit back and enjoy it as he skilfully extricates himself.

The problom is simple enough. What you have to do is identify both the story and the author and, if possible, the date of publication. It's all for your om anusement, but it can be interesting. The correct answer will be printed next month. Ready? Then here goes:

## TIESTKR NO. 4

It was a mid-wav halt for the poor disillusioned thite on his dommard joumey from an underpaid job in the office of a Portucuese nerchant to a bug-infested crazy shack upon the beach, and a hopeless anticipation of the tomorrow which never came. The street had nore than its share of men like these - vagrants and drifters and alcoholics and their comings and goings occasioned no remark. So on this day no one looked twice at the white man who stumbled along.

Ho was just another broken-down piece of humanity; just another lump of human litter upon the surface of an African sec. His head swung at the end of his brow dirt-grimed neck, and his eyes were vacant and staring. As he scuffled along the street, his broken shoes made a flapping sound and puffed upthe dust, and the sole of one of them doubled back upon itself and threatened to make him fall headlong.

He cursed and he lashed out with the offending shoe, and he teetered unsteadily - then he plunged on again. As he lurched along, his teeth showed like yellowed gravestones in the great vacant 0 of his mouth. He looked very drunk.

He was big - tall and krced - and there had been a time when his skin had seemed to be stretched to the limit to contain the hard-
packed flesh and the firm knit sinew of his body. In that time, he hed walked ereet, and his obvious strength and superior intelligence had marked him down as a man to be reckoned with. There had been a time - but that was in the dead past.

How the flesh seened to hang upon the framework of his bones. He staggered, lurched and shambled, and his skin was like a cut-price suit - lumpy and mis-shapen. Once his skin had been clean and clear. How it was blotched with grey, and touched with the faint bloom of purple.

He locked like a man who was trembling on the brink of alcoholic poisoning

And yet his nare had once rung round the capitals of Europe, he had been listed with the great once, and he would be again.

His name was Sexton Blake.
Woll, how did Blake get into such a situation? If you read the story you'll know. If you read the story, too, you won't have forgotton it. Renember?

CLJE: At the tine of writing this article, the author is contributing Blake stories under two names and has introduced choracters thich have raised considerable corment and controversy. AISTIER TO EE PUBLISTED IEXI MONTH.

## Ansuce to Teaser No. 3 (March, 1957 C.D.)

The writor of the story was GWYN EVANS, and the title of the yarm was THE CISE OF THE CRIMSON CONJUROR and it appeared first in S.B.L. ifo. 171 in 1928 and was reprinted in No. 723 in 1940.

He was the creator of Splash Page, Ruff Hanson, King Karl, Kiss Death, The Shadow Club, etc.

Recent articles in the C.D. concerning Gywn Evans were written by Bill Loits (C.D.90) and Zerbert Leckenby (C.D. 94)

The "special type of Blake Story" was the always-enjoyed Gwyn Evans Christras yarn.

MON:: Part two of Eric Copeman's article "On our Selection" is unavoidaily held over until next month. J.P.
********************!
CHAVGE OP ADDRESS: Please ncte DDN. B. WERSTER'S address is now
11, NEVILLE ROAD, WATERLOO, LIVERPOOL, 22.

Precisely at 5 p.ar. on Noveniber 5th, 1871 a giant rocket soared into the air above the College from the main quadrangle. It was the start of a Ereat rebellion and within seconds squibs and crackers were exploding all over the College, in form-roons, studies, cormon rooms, pleying fields and comitories. Even the masters' studies were not innune fron jumping crackers throm in through open windows. The school's chnmion boxer entered the gate-sergeant's lodge, forcibly ejected the sergeant, made him put his fists up and gave hin a sound thrashing, The racquet court was set ablaze and desks, forms and flogsing blocks added to the flames. This was the Great Rebellion at Harlborough College and its immediate cause was the unpopularity of the gate-sergeant who had a down on the boys and like nothing better tian to report them for swearing, breaking bounds and any offence that he could testify geruine or otherwise. Only a few days before the entire school had descended on his lodge, practically demolished it and given hin a severe going over in the process. In consequence the school had been gated and for the following four days no work was done, the boys broke bounds at every opportunity and pelted and catcalled the masters. Order was restored when the gating order was annulled but it was a false calri which only lasted until Guy Farkos Day when the rocket was the signal for open revolt. When order was finally restored the ranks of the College were sorely depleted by tholesale expulsion of the ringleaders.

A charge sonetimes levelled at our hobby is that the stories are ofton far-fetched and unrealistic, the plots ridiculous and impossible. Whoever heard of a school in the backwoods, schoolboys don't have barring-outs etc. Edwy Searles Brooks is probably accused of this more than most other boys' writers and whilst it must be admitted that he has written many a series which can only be labelled as fantastic, it must, at the same time, be acknowledged that his stories were less fantastic than the original stories for adults from which the ideas wore derived. In no single instance can his storios be described as original. His originality lay in his writing the zest he succeeded in imparting to the bizarre happenings and the marvellous way he created the appropriate atmosphere. His fantasies may be roughly divided into two types, the supernatural and the lost race. Host of his fanous characters were borrowed - William Napoleon Browme
and Lord Pippington from Wodehouse's immortal Smith and Bertie Wooster and Umlosi from Rider Haggard's Umoopa and adapted and enlarged upon in his own inimitable manner. And the same with his plots. In the eighteen hundreds and early nineteen hundreds the lost race theme was at its height and a perusal of the early Boys' Realms, Friends, Heralds, True Blues etc., will disclose countless examples mainly deriving from Hascard, Verne, le Queux and other masters of this theme in adult fiction. In particular the theory of an opening in the North Pole leading to an inner world inhabited by a lost race, suggested by some to be the descendants of mythical Atlantis, was seriously believed, quite a numbor of yorks being published with many plausible argunents. One writer, Capt. John Symnes, pubiished a circular stating the earth is composed of five hollow spheres, with spaces between each and habitable upon both convex and concave surfaces. In 1823 he petitioned Congress for an expacition to test his theory and got 25 votes. He supposed openings at both poles. Inside the openings the climate was mild and even hot. A monument was erected to his memory in Hamilton, Ohic. Then we have the more plausible accounts of attempts to bore through the earth. Jules Vernes story A Journey to the Centre of the Earth, was probably the inspiration of our own Charles Hamilton's story the Feart of the World, a story of an expedition to the centre of the earth, published in the $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. Union Jack in 1898. The supernatural theme had even more predecessors. Indeed, in early Victorian Days, the heyday of the Gothic novel, it was unusual for stories not to contain secret passages, clanking chains and ghostly visitations ad nauseum. Jules Vernes Castle of the Carpathians, published in 1900, is very apt with its chapel bells ringing without human aid, flames springing up in most unlikely places, metal plates becoming electrified with dire results to the unvary and huge spectral monsters appearing in the sky. In the lost chapters all was explained by disclosing the villians busily connecting eletric batteries to metal plates in floors, walls and doors and projecting the monsters on to the clouds by means of a huge reflector mazic lantern.

It has often been said that real-life schoolboys couldn't and wouldn't carry on like some of our favourites have done from time to time, but my opening paragraph shows the contrary. And to-day I think many of them would be glad to get the chance. However, lets turn back the calendar to Easter 1793, and we have the boys of Winchester rebolling over a stoppage of leave. They laid in huge stocks of food and barricaded themselves in, armed with muskets and threatened they would burn down the school rather than surrender. Soldiers were called
out by the local tomspoople, rallied to the boys and things lookod ugly. Howover, a truce was agreed and the barring-out ended. The peace was short-lived and fortyeight hours later the rebollion brolo out afresh, but this time tho authorities wero prepared and it was soon brokon. In consequence practically the whole school was expolled or had resioned. A repeat took place in 1818 and again the soldiors woro called out and the Riot Act was read to the rebels. Aftor tro days biccoring the boys acceptcd toms of 14days holicays and faros paid home, but no sooner had they given up than they were seized by tho soldiors and thore wore wholesale floggings and expulsions and tho school did not recover its position for many years. Some of the boys who were expelled on this occasion becane famcus and included one Field Marshall and a Lord Chancellor. A third Winchester uprising occurrod in 1248 and lile the Varlborough one began with a huge display of firoworits. The boys barricaded themselves in but forgot the elenentary proccution of laying in stocks of food. Missing breakfast wes not too bad, dimer was more difficult, bu the Bunters of that generation could not faco the furthor prospect of no tea eithor and the revolt was over. 111 our farous schools have their traditions of at least one great nutiny and Harrow is no exception. In 1771 an Etonian was appointed Hesdiaster and this was the signal for a general uprisinc. The Ilastors' carriage was seized and burnt on Harrow Comon, and thore was ruch figiting. Eventually the masters aided by the police and military prevailed and some $40 \%$ of the College was either expelled or had left of thoir own accord, including the Marquis of Wellesloy, now better romembored as the Duike of Wellington.

Possibly the most farious rebellion was that which occurred at Eton in 1768. It started with a dispute between the sixth-fomers, who wero Eonitors, and tho assistant masters. The sixth fomors used to send any lowor form boys they found out of precincts, back to Colloge and considered thonselvos inmune from being sent back. The assistant nastors thought otherwisc, and matters cane to a head whon a siathformor was flogged before the entire school. The sixth cano out on strike and the fifth and fourth forms came out in sympathy. Finally 160 boys brole bouncs and marched in a body to the Marsh Inn at Mainenhead, throwing their schoolbooks into the Thames on the way. At Maidenhead, they had a bang up dinner and the bill, which is still preserved, list dinner for 160 at $5 /-$ each $-\$ 40$. Beer $\& 21 \mathrm{~s}$., Wines and Punch $£ 1213 \mathrm{~s}$. 3d., fires $£ 1$ and cards $4 /-$, and in those doys that total of 255 18s. 3d. represents an awful amount of grub. By the next morning most of thon were regretting their impulsive action and the
majority marched back to the playing fields and sent a deputation to the Head. He insisted on unconditional surrender and some of the weaker spirits gave in, leading to general breakdown of the rising. Many took their floggings without a murmur, but several ran away home, among them Zillion Grenville, aftomards Prime Minister of England. He was sent back to the school to take his flogging and then removed from Eton.

Again have you heard of the Evans School for Boys, sounds quito prosaic, but in fact the school is located at El Rancho Bonito near lisa City in Arizona. It was founded in 1902 by Mr. H. D. Evans, MoA., of Cambridge University, and the first term he had three pupils, the second five and from the third onwards a limited number of about twelve was fixed. The school is a typical Western Ranch. The scholars live and dress like cowboys and are taught shooting, horse-riding, lassoing, caring, broncho-busting and stecr-tying and branding contests :with periodical hunting trips and comping expeditions, to the mountains. A graduate from this school is no tenderfoot. He can ride like a cowboy, throw a lasso and shoot with anyone and yet he is a gontlomon, retaining his Yale or Harvard background.

So it will be seen that our authors had plenty of material upon which to draw, and that the charge of being far-fetched is not a true one.

SIIE OR RXCHLNGE: HOLIDAY INNULS 1933, 39, 26. MAGNETS between 1560-1683. BOUND VOLS. STRRIND 3-9, 10, 16 (Sherlock Holmes.) 10 Roukwood E.F. Green 'uns. 1 Dixon Hawke, 1 Boys' Fscket Lib. 16 S.0.L. Pocket Lib. L.F. ASHLEY, 23 MOUNTJOY, BRIDPORT, DORSET.

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ANTHONY BAKER, CHRIST CHURCH VICARAGE, BARNET, HARTS.

# HAMILTONIANA 

compiled by Herbert Leckenby.
I have in hand now two very interesting articles, one from a Toronto paper and the other a lengthy one from a Sydney one, which contains a most ausing story concerning a "stand-in" Gem and Masnot author. They will be used soon, but this month the section is confined to sone jolly good contributions from members of our own circle. First, versatile Eric Foyne starting a new and provocative series.

## * * * *

## "LEI' 'S BE CONTROVERSIAL!" No. 1

(In this new series, Eric Fayne touches on certain matters of interest to students of the Hamilton papers. He gives his own vie:r superficiaily. If you will write to him, expressing your own opinion on the topics he discusses, he will sumarise readers' views in future issues of the C.D.)

## NO. 1. REGINALD TALBOT, the Toff.

Reginald Talbot Wilmot, was his correct name, though that fact secns to have been lost in the mists of time. There can be little doubt that the first stories of "The Toff" caused something of a sensation in thoir day. It is possible that Talbot suffered from his popularity? The first two series about hin were absolutely firstclass, and, seeking to cash in on the demand for Talbot yarns, could it be that the Editor lost his sense of proportion?

For a year or two there was a giut of tales of the schoolboy cracksman, and, even if they becenie monotonous to some, those by the genuine Martin Clifford were excellent. Unfortunately, as time passed, the substitute writers took a hand, and a succession of hackneyed stories, often oozing sentiment, was the result. It was hard on Talbot, who had many admirers, and who, quirte apart from the "roff" business, was part of the backbone of St. Jim's.

It is interesting to muse on the wisdom of editorial policy, and incidently, that of the author - over Talbot. That he was a great favourite is certain, but, if it is possible to glean a few framments of truth from the amazing "Editor's Chats" of the period, it is equally certain that there was a large anti-Talbot group of readers.

By 1916, the Gon was losing ground to the Hagnet, - is it possible that the defection of an anti-Talbot group may have played its part?

Probably, fifteen years later, Talbot would have starrca for a tine and then dropped out, in the way that Dick Lankester, an ther schoolboy crackerian, did in the Hagnot. Thore was a natural finish to the Talbot story in "The Housemaster's Homecoming", but Talbot romained to have his murly past ro-hashed time and time acain.

Personally, I am very fond of Talbot. I regard hin as a sidifully-etched chrracter, rather old beyond his yoars - a fine loyal friond to Fon Nerry. I feel that St. Jin's would have boen a pooror without him, and I remombor with pleasure the early scries in which he foatured. But I also feol, with the often-rocurring stories basod on the sezo sid piot, wo have an exariple of a thome being overplayed. It's juict my vion. What's yours?

## METORABLE ROONVOOD SINGLSS

Bv Roger fi. Jenkins
Tho Rookrood stories in the Boys' Friend seldom exceeded 8 ciaptors and :ere often much shorter than that. Consequently single storios vore thio oxcoption rather than the rulc, the cmphasis being on sories, and there is no doubt that a sequence of these shorter Rookrood stories fomed the sound basis of many a taut and immensely roaciablo sories. Nevertineless, there were quite a number of Rookrood stories complete in themselves, and most of them lived up to the high stand whici: aren Conquest set himself.

The single stories tended to be of a hmorous nature, since 7 or 8 chapters hardily allowed full scope for a complete drama. No. 1206 entitled " 1111 Lovell's Fcult" was a typical offering: Lovell accused Tubby luffin of stecling \&1 from the cricket cluo funds, and it was not untill if. Dalion was called in that it was roalised that Lovell had made a sirple orror in arithmotic, and no noney was missing at all. Clorence Cuffy uas another favourite star character for a short story: in No. 1223 Torey Dodd had foolishly boasted that the Moderns could beat the Classicals even with Cuffy in goal, and he was infuriated when his cousin remarked: "It would be false modesty on my part, my dear felion, to deny that I an very expert indeed at naughts and crosses... but projecting a ball across a field by the impact of a foot does not appear to me to be a form of activity edequate to my mental gifts." Jinny Silver was a sportsman, however, and he played Gunner
in goal, and the result was a mutually satisfactory draw, the score being 8 all.

Gumner was also a character around whom a single story was often written, but unfortunately stories about Gunner usually failed to show Oren Conquest at his best, for some reason or other: for example, in No. 1241 Gunner thought out the brilliant idea of typing his lines instead of writing them out by hand, but Mr. Dalton refused to play ball. A fortnight later Gunner was celebrating the first of April by inviting the whole form to the tuckshop for a feed, and then rominding then of the date when they got there. Instead of the expocted roors of laughter there uas only an ominous silence, broken by a faint exclanation from Tubby Muffin "No spread?" Gunner may well have been a popular character with younger readers, but most collectors usually find him a tiresome bore with no redeeming features and no sophisticated hangers-on like Potter and Greene without whon Coker would have been a bore hinself, instead of one of the most successful of Charles Hanilton's creations. In fairness to Gunner it must be stated that there was a very amusing series written around hirr when he mistakenly thought that Mr. Dalton's brother was a tramp.

Lovell had many bright ideas during the course of his caroor, but none won such universal acclaim as his idea for a crib in No. 1138. It was a circular piece of cardboard attached to the inside of tho sleeve by elastic: when shaken down it could be concealed in the palm of the hand, and when the master was suspicious it could be allowod to spring back. Unfortunately Tubby Muffin's card got stuck up his sleeve, and lir. Dalton became suspicious as Tubby stood up in class vio lently shaking his arm instead of construing. The form-master romarked: "A very ingenious device Muffin, quite an improvement on a device known to me twenty years ago. I used only a bootlace." Despite this commendation, however, Mr. Dalton felt regretfully obliged to cane everyone concerned. Much more successful was "Lovell's Revonge" in No. 1244. Having fallen foul of Mr. Greely who was much given to lecturing juniors on deportment, Lovell planned for two instructors to give lessons to Mr. Greely. In a delightful scene the second instructor told the flabbergasted fifth-form master: "It is nover too late to mend. I have had one pupil, Sir, of a more advanced age than your own - a var profiteer, Sir, whose manners were, I regret to sey, unspeakable, infinitely inferior to your own, my dear Sir, but in a single term at my establishment the change was anazing. I made him, Sir, into a gentleman. I have not the slightest doubt I shall be able to do as much for you, Mr. Greely!" There was no doubt, that on this
occesion as least, Lovell had succeeded in scoring. Tubby lluffin was anothor populor subject for single story plots. In No. 1245 ho raffled a hendsome ne:t cricket bat and spent the proceeds at Sorgoant Kottlo's. Lovell was congratulating hinsolf upon being the lucly winner when the man from the shop arrived to recloin it on tho sordid grounds that it hed not been paid for. Huffin plumbed the lowest depths of dishonesty, however, when he picked up a cheque for $\$ 10$ made payable to the bearer, and was arrested when trying to cash it at the bank at Rookham. Dr. Chisholn had quite an exciting aftermoon in *io. 1066 going to the police station to bail him out. Hevertheless, despite all his misdeeds, Tubby Muffin at his worst nevor becamc too detestable as his counterpart at St. Jin's, Baggy Trinble. It is also pleasant to be able to record that it was Tubby Muffin who had the honver of foaturing in the last two Rookrood stories to be writton for tho "3oys' Friend Nos. 1297 and 1298. In the first one, ontitlod "Itoney Talks", he was the lucky recipiont of a cheque for 250 , on tho strongtin of which he incurred sevoral debts. It was only whon Poclo and Co., wore piecing together his IOUs that they discovered that they wore writton on the back of an intoresting letter which ran as follows: "Dear Reginald, - I have no objection to helping you to keop your ond up, as you term it, among tho woalthior boys at your sciool. I enclose a cheque for £ 50 . You will be extromely caref̂ul not to let it pass out of your hands, as, of course, it could not be met at the bank if prosented there. As soon as it is known that you have such a cheque, your headmaster vill, of course, take it from you and roturn it to mo. No harm will bo done, and you will be able to mako the iryression you àosire. Your affoctionate uncle, M. Muffin." In tho last story of all, "Iubby the Protector", he was instrumental in savinc Jinny Silvor from a plot by Poelo and Gower, and so the Rockwood storics wero brought to a satisfactory conclusion in a manner which loft the roador with not wholly unfavourable memories of Tubby Kuffin.

If most Rooksood singlo storics were of a humorous nature, there wore novertheloss, a fow which managed to prosent drama in the space of a fow short chapters. No. 1234 was one such story, relating how Carthow in a more than usually spiteful mood burnt Bulkeley's Greek Prizo Papor. An agrocablo study of Dr. Chisholm was presonted in No. 1229 entitled "A Christrasas Chase." The Head had been hit by one of Lovoll's snowballs intended for Carthow, and as a punishment the culprit was sentoncod to spend the Christmas holidays at the school. Lovoll soon tired of his solitary confinoment, and decanpod - a
flagrant brosch of discipline which caused Dr. Chisholn to pursue him, but in the end the Fiead proved to be not such a tyrant as he was sometimes thought to be. Probably the most fanous single Rookrood story and certainly the longest one to appear in the Boys' Friend - vas Ho. 810, the Christanas Double Nunber for 1916, which bore the inposing title "Jinny Silver's Christmas Party" by Owen Conquest in collaboration with those world famous authors Frank Richards and Martin Clifford. As may be inferred fron the title, contingents from Greyfriars and St. Jin's were present, together with Cousin Phyllis and Cousin Ethel. Large representative gatherings were all the vogue in those days, but usually there were far too many popular characters present and consequently the story was never able to get going. These objections did not apply to Jimry Silver's Christnas Party. The story consisted of thirteen concise chapters, and the descriptions of the amrivals of the various guests were not just ornarentation, but contributed a great deal to the progress of the plot, which dealt with the desertion of Jimy Silver's uncle from the army after he had been accused of theft, and the nystery of the nioving panel in Mr. Silver's study, the mystery being its refusual to move. It was really no rystery to the reader that the secret passage contained Private Silver, and the proof of his innocence rounded off the story in an agreeable fashion.

The variety and dexterity which were displayed in these short Rooiswood stories are quite remarkable. There was no room for padding in the Boys: Friend nor for little digressions which had no real bearing on the plot. All inessentials were ruthlessly discarded, and yet, paracorically enough, the stories still read as well as, if not better than, those in contenporary Magnets and Geus. Perhaps the shortness of the Rookwood stories is the very reason why they aiways leave the reader like Oliver Twist, asking for more.

## FIRST THOUGFPS ON THE "SCHOOL-FRIEND" <br> by Eric V. Copeman

(The only object of this patchy article is to make somoone determined to do it properly.)

During the first 10 years of its existence, the Collectors Digest has provided only three articles on the SCHOOL FRIEID, that I know of. In the 1948 Annual, Gordon Kirby contributed an article and in 1950 Eric Fayne reviewed the post war book "Bessie Bunter of Cliff House", with interesting information on the original Charles Hamilton
characters included. Then in June 1956, Leonard Packnan also contributed an article which futhor added to the small store of data on Cliff House. However, the fully fledgod article by someone in the know is still badly needed. There are sufficient reasons for it simply because Charles Hamilton wrote the earliest yarns which launched the paper and because of the inevitable connections with the Greyfriars characters in the Magnet yarms prior to No. 1 School Friend and after. Being very keen on practically everything Charles Hanilton wrote I've always had in mind to sclve the mystery of just how many School Friend yarns he wrote and, of course, if possible possess them. Up to now one writer thought the "first dozen or so" were genuine; the only other to state a number put it at "definitely" six. It was only in the last few months I was able to handle ny first School Friend.

I obtained 27 copies of the years 1919-1921 and a long run of the ssaller paged 1927-28 issues, thus discovering the fact of the two serios. The earlier papers included Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 10 and after roading then I bring the number of genuine C.H.'s down to four. In my opinion Mo. 4 was the last School-Friend written by C.H. Nos. 1 and 4 are dofinitely his work, Nos. 5 and 6 definitely not, and I prosume Nos. 2 and 3 are also genuine. I chocked the remaining twenty-three stories and found tham not Hanilton as expected. The contrast between the storios of No. 4 and No. 5 must have been detected, consciously or unconsciously, by many readers, for there was nothing subtle about the ssitchover. Apart from a cursory perusal of the 1927-28 issues I did not read any curther, quite a space of spare time being needed to do it properly.

I formed opinions, but not having a solid background of reading, it wouldn't be correct to presume too much. The two Hamiltons I have are first-rate - the following show a quick fall off but I should imagine that reading week by week for the first few years would have been entertaining, for scme interesting and controversial characters put in their appearance at different times. The paper must have been very popular. In a few weeks the editor was giving nearly a page (in some cases a page and a half) for answers to correspondents. These are revealing and amusing. For instance, quite a few asked questions about Greyfriars and St. Jim's Schools and the answer in every case did not mention the school.
(Is Eric in error by saying that Nos. 5 and 6 were not by Charles Hamilton? As Hamilton himself has said, he wrote the first six the work then being handed over to another author as it was
considored he had quite onough on his hands. Perhaps the oxplanation is that his storios were not used consecutively. FI.

## SOLUTION OF C.D. CROSSWORD INO. 4

AOROSS: 1, Miss Primroso. 10, Tire. 11, Rose. 12, Routed. 14 , Sole. 15, Vide. 16, Winford. 20, Lateen. 23, Wsos. 24, Boing 25, B.P. 26, Pongo. 27, Also. 29 (with 19 across) The Linit. 30 , Wor. 32, Vonture. 35, Onos. 36, Scap. 38, Era. 39, Curicicr Pataol DOM: 1, Harvol. 2, Study Ten. 3, Site. 4, Pre. 5, Rodirin. 6, Trs. Vimble. 7, Roof-tops. 8, Oslo. 9, Seer. 13, OI. 17, 'In. 18, Dispersal. 19, Lono. 21, abode. 22, Eight. 27, A hoap. 20, Ownor. 29, I'row. 31, Aero. 32, Vic. 33, Nor. 34, Usc. 37 , Pa. Tho first corroct solution came from STANLEY SMITH, 13, PERCY SMRCET, TOPK to whon a postel-order for 5/- has been sent.
"BILLY BUXTRE'S BOLT" by Frank Richards. Cassell \& Co. 8/6d. by GERRY ALLISON
How does he do it? Here we are, once again, back at dear old Greyfriars, with yet another grand tale introducing our favourite schoolboy characters. Every time we say, 'this is the best ono yet', and then comes one better still!

This is a delightful story, with plonty of Form-roon scones; plenty of fun; plenty of everything. Billy Bunter has run away from school before, but surely never with so good a reason. Have we over met his mother before? Anyway, here is Mrs. Bunter, who really loves her 'deor Villian'. And Billy actually forgets to be selfish when with her, and has to be told to go and get his tea:

You will be glad to hoar that Slithy has a 'fat' part, and that Mr. Guelch is as true to life as ever. What a fine porson he is. Yes, I onjoyed every word of this book, and so will you. Once again I ask, 'How does he do it?' for ever.

Thank you so much Frank Richards, may your Remington click on
And here's Jack Wood's opinion:
One has got so accustomed to welcoming the "mixture as before," because we like it that way, that it comes as almost a shock to find that in Billy Bunter's Bolt, the 20th in the Bunter series, Frank

Richads has included a chapter which is very tuch NOT the mixture as before - and I found it a wholly delightful intrusion. The chapter is that in which Bunter, with a complote cisregurd for his omp personal foelints, arrived home to seo his sick mother. This chaptor, and the writinc of the surrounding details, are really superb, and whilo the incidents are unowjocted in their relation to Bunter, they are, because of the author's fine characterisation, accoptable and answor those who have rocontly bcen asking for such a fatuous charactor as Buntur could hive got into Greyfriars in the first placc. Take the latest evidence latest dopths, and couplo thas with the earlior glimpses of an Owl with a dosizo to help a fathor dem on his luck (Becling up Billy Euntar), and thore is obvicusly omorging a Bunt $r$ who can justifiably bo a loading cinractor. Why, in tho latost novol, he noarly gets a Latin translation rigot!

In short, here we have on of the most roadable Bunter yarms for yoars, and a porfoct exanplo of how tho author makes every singlo dot:il beng tugothcr to foris a balancod pattern. Verily, truth is Eroat and shall provail a bit! Cmpan's illustrations add the fins: lustre to a magnotic ofon of a popular story.

## WOE TETHiS (continued from 123)

1620. Billy Dunter's Eestor Trip; 1627. Tho Mystory of Blackrock Island; 1628. The Kilmpppod Hillionairo; 1629. The Secret of the Sea-Cave; 1630. Fool's Luck; 1631. The liystery of Vernon-Smith; 1632. The Dow:dor's Double; 1633. The Porfoct Alibi; 1634. The Kidnappod Crickotor; 1635. Rough on His Rival; 1636. The Rebel of the Removo; 1637. The Prisoner of the Turret; 1638. A Double in Trouble; 1639. The Froyfricrs Lupostor; 1640. The House of Dark Secrets; 1641. The Plotter; 1642. The Plot that Failed; 1643. The Greyfriars Stcraray; 1644. Ructions on the River; 1645. Six Boys in a Boat; 1646. Grcyfriars to the Roscuo; 1647. Coker Takes Comand; 1648. Hystery on the Thazes; 1649. Buntor on the Spot; 1650. The Secreet of the "Water Lily";
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## OLD BOYS BOOK CLUB

## LONDON SECTION

For about one hour "Cherry Place, Wood Green, became 221 b Baker Street at the liarch meeting, held on Sunday 17th. Reason for this was that Chairman, Frank Vernon-Lay loaned us the long playing record of Sherlock Holmes, Douglas Whiter loaned us the record-player and Bob Whiter operated the latter. One side was the Charles Augustus Milverton adventure and on the reverse side was "The Final Problem". This performance was greatly enjoyed by those present and thanks to those concerned in its presentation. Afterwards Roger Jenkins gave us one of his "Figures and Letters Puzzles and Bob Whiter was the winner with the following three members in second place, Frank VernonLay, Len Packman and Frank Putherford. The latter had made the journey from Bristol bringing up with him his sister Norah. An example of superb binding of "Collector's Digest" was shown by Norah, jolly good work indeed. Next came a reading by Len Packman of the George Orwell essay on old boys' books and our worthy presidents reply. Following this I gave them an exmination on how many of the 39 Remove Form at Greyfriars juniors they could name. Len Packman named the most, 36, Bob Whiter and Roger Jenkins got 35, Miss Millicent Lyle had 34 and Frank from Bristol 31. By the way, the 39 names appeared in "Magnet" No. 1658. Then cane one of the most enjoyable items, the entries in our chairman's song competition. There were very good and I think that two of the entries could easily find a place in the columns of the "C.D." As there may be more entries from overseas, we had one from Ies Rowley in Japan, the result is still in abeyance.

Finally a good reading about Sexton Blake by Charlie Wright, greatly enjoyed by all. Next Meeting fixed for Sunday, April 28th at East Dulurich.

## UNCLE BENJAMIN

## NORTHRRN SECTION MEFETING - MARCH 9th, 1957

Practically all the regulars were present to extend a hearty welcome to Roger Jenkins on the occasion of his annual visit.

Business was quiclly diposed of as Roger had two talks to give us. First came "Mamorable Rookwood Singles". That it was full of interest you will be able to see for yourselves for it appears in this
nunber.
He followed it with a shrewd study of Jack Drake, that not all together perfect character from the pen of the ininitable Charles Henilton. Followed an animated discussion and at the rinish a hope expressed that Roger vill be with us again a year hence.

Gerry Allison had something for us of course, this time a crossword. Some of the clues received a fow good-humoured comments, but no cross words. Ron Hodgson came out the winner; Stan Smith completed it first but he had two errors.

Nezt lleeting, A ril 13th. It's the Annual General Meeting so it is inportant if you want to sack any of the officials you'll have to attend to do it!

## HERBERT LECHENBY

Northern Section Corresponient.

MIDUATD CLUB. - Meeting held 25th February, 1957. Room 5, Chamber of Cormerce, New Street, Birmingham. Report from Harry Broster, Secretary.
This meeting was auspicious ior numerous reesons. First we wolconed two new mermbers. Mr. T.G. Smith and Mr. R. Greenwood, both subscribers to C.D. and both keen Haunilton fans. Then Ron Dickens presented the librarian with a whole pile of Sexton Blake libraries. Was Boryl pleased. Then for the first time we were issued with nicely printed membership cards. Where they came from and how, is a mystery lenom only to the Secretary, but they, like the aforementioned S.B.L., cost the cluh exactly nothing. Business attended to, we sat down to listen to Toa Porter give one of his fanous reading-talks and this was a St. Jin's classic "The arrival of Ernest Levison to St. Jim's." Most Hamilton fans have read of this so called "death" of LumleyIenley, hou Levison with his usual cunning or cleverness brought him back from the dead. Quite a change from Frank Richards usual light hearted thene, but there are one or two funny chapters. Needless to say we all onjoyed it inmensely and applauded the reader accordingly. The next item was a "Leslie Welch" quiz, with the writer as the "victim" and well did the members get their own back on me for "torturing" then in the past. Some of the things horled at me werestingersand I was glad I had to make a hurried departure to catch my bus. Norman Gregory kept the interest alive by reading an article from S.P.C. doaling with that much criticised man "Pentelow". The discussion
whici naturally followod helpod to wale up anothor interosting nights procrawe. Noat month Noman takes us riding the range with Buffelo Bill.

## IERSESSTDE BRAMCH O.B.B.C.

## SUNDAY, 10th MARCH.

A large gathering turned up with great enthusiasm for the first meeting at our new address at 11, Neville Road. We were pleased to hear that Frank Unrin would be with us once again next month, when, we undorstond, he will present us with a new edition of "Down you go".

The nionthly quiz was presented by George Riley. This was his first attenpt and the writer was flattered that some of his owm ideas on the subject were adopted. Some novel questions were asked on 01d Boys' books, and some of the answers proved that we still have much to learn about such books as The Kodern Boy, Chuns etc., This Quiz was won by Jin. Falsh, with Jack Morgan and the writer coming second and thind. Aftor tea, on informal discussion, led by the Secretary, took place on the authorship of the St. Frank's stories. Many interesting points wore raised on this subject and it wes generally felt by all presert that Jack Wood had deal with this matter very ably in the March Digost. Library business ended the meeting, and we all look forward to our next gathering at 11, Neville Road. Date - April 14th, 7 P.I. Sharp.

## NORMAN PRAGNELL

Socretary, Merseyside Branch, O.B.B.C.

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# NELSON LEE COLUMN <br> by JACK VOOD <br> IHOSPAM, 328, Stockton Lan:, Ycrk. <br> Phone: 25795 <br> * * * * * 

This month Jim Cook has forwarded me some intoresting sentiments exprosssd by a friend with great sincority. I think thoy might well prove of interest to other ardent Leeitos, so here thay are:-

## WY VISIT TO ST. FRINK'S COLLEGE

Driving dom throuch Bellton on a glorious surmer's day
I heard the shouts and laughter of many boys at play,
I stopged a sentlomin I saw, saying - "Pardon me,
Have I the honour of addressing Nelson Lee?"
He srilied and answered "I am" and introduction done I jarked iny car and strolled with him in the lovely evening sun.
Soon a stately building with a tower grey and cool
Cone into sight: "Is this St. Frank's, the fanous public school"
I asked; Lee nodded, "Come and meet the boys."
So in we went and further words were lost anid the noise
Assembled in the Triangie were boys of various age, While ors, in special uniform I learnsd was Tubbs, the Page Cane $u_{2}$ to Lee respocifully with a message from the Head. So Loc cxcused himsolf to ne - abd bid me "go ahoed." A inost polite young sinn appeared - the others called hin Nipper (I found upon onquiry he was the Remove slipper).
He introducod me to his churis - Pitt, Trogollis-West, Watson, Glenthorme, Greshars, Brent, Grey and all the rest. Then we mot some othors - "rotters" I was told Fullwood, Gulliver, Gore-Parce, Forrest, bad but bold A grubby youngster then appeored with a cage or mice Fiss nane was Willy Handforth - cheeckiness his vice Lender of tho Third, with Hoath and Lenon, he Kouns the "fags" in order vith punches hard and free. Wo now advanced inside the school, the common Roors and Hall The Inciont and the lyodern House - I cannot mention all, Along the "Ancient" corridors we walked and pulled up just in time From Study D a form amorged, oncased in dust and grime

Anothor ono soon fillowed with a thud that shook the floor, Whilo a third stood in the doorway asking if he wanted more; I folt alcmed, but Nipper merely grinned, "let me explain "That's Churci and Mac upon the floor, the chap who's caused thoir pains "Is Handforth, he's their biggest chum; in Study D he reigns.
Iet anyone just go for Church of Mac, and he
(01d Handy) knocks 'en out and question after, see?" Do Vallorie and Somerton and Fatty Little too,
We saw as we were walking round, and others, quite a few, Sono fifth and sixth form chaps appeared, a master in his gow Was listoning pationtly to cre named William N. Browne. Horece Stevens, Bicgloswade and uther seniors cool iicro introduced and then care up the Captain of the school, Iiis name tres Edgar Fenton, a youth whose chaming smile Keen, but friendly eyes and frank and easy style Attracted me immediately; we chatted for a while The Lee carse back, and pressintly he asked me with a smile If I would come and meet the Head and have a cup of tea I murnured I'd be honoured, so Lee escorted me To Dr. Stafford's study, where I spent a pleasant hrur and as I rose to ge I heard from Ancient Tower A. mellow bell proclain that it was time for calling over But as I reachod the old Lodge gates (where I had left my Rover) Fenton, Nipper, Glenthorne, Handforth and a dozen other boys Here waiting for me there - oh boy! What a surprise They gave me as a souvenir some pictures of St. Frank's ind as I shook each by the hand and tried to voice my thanks To tham, and for the very pleasant evening I had spent They shouted "come again, sir!" and well I knew 'twas meant I glanced up to the gate, and the motto caught my eye "Consilio et Animis" - Gadzooks! hew right said I "By Counsel and (by) courage" - St. Frank's has both of these And bidding Porter Cuttle "'Night" I drove on 'neath the treos Till Bellton-faded out of sight, but out of mind - ah me!
It nover wille, not ever will the GOOD OLD "NELSON LEBE"
R.E.M.

Poetic licence excuses lapses of memory in so obviously sincere a tribute to the old school. To forestall the over-critical, Fullwood had ceased to be a rotter by the time Gresham arrived, not did the
latter arrive until after the school's expansion to five houses when, of course, the clock tower was moved from the Ancient to the School House. Thank you R.E.M. for an interesting "visit".

Those who like to keep in touch with Edwy Searles Brook's latest work will welcome the appearance of his nev novel, The Golden Monkey. Writton under his psendonym of Victor Gunn, this addition to the Inspector Cromwell series has "01d Ironsides" in great form in a fastmoving yorn with a music hall circus background.

Interesting dedicetion "To John Redman Murtagh of Hastings, New Zealand, who, a glutton for punishment, has read my stoies for more years than either of us care to remember. Thanks, Jack."

Signature? "B.G." otherwise, of course, Berkeley Gray, Brcok's other psendprys under which he chrunicles the adventures of Borman Conquest. Biven Homer nods! Jack Murtagh, readers of the C.D. do not neod to be reminded, is a staunch member of our clan, and especially a Leeite.

Talking of writer's psendonyms, here are some of one of my own favcurite author's, John Creasy - J. J. Maric (Gideon of the Yard) Gordon Asho, Kichael Halliday and Anthony (The Earon) Norton. Add to the output by these "authors", his own storios of The Toff, Inspector West, Ir. Palfrey and Department Z, and it will be scen that Mr. Creasoy is a vory busy man, indeed.

## **

CAN ANYONE OBLIGE VITH MAGYETS: 397, 400, 401, 407, 409, 412, 419, 420, 437, 439, 446, 447, 510, 537, 553, 915, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1089, 1122, 1117, 1127, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1162, 1194, 1244, 1245, 1245, 1332, 1335 ? Your price paid. CHAPLES VAN RENEN, BOX 50, UTTENHAGE, SOUTH AFRICA.

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Owing to pressure on space, S.B.L. revieus have had to be held over. Sorry.
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[^0]:    

